

L 24718-66 EWT(m)/T DJ/NE

ACC NR: AP6009548

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/005/0081/0081

INVENTOR: Tseruashvili, G. Ye.; Supatashvili, M. Sh.; Chokheli, G. D.

ORG: none

TITLE: Method for determining the atomization property of water solutions and their deposition weight of an area unit. Class 42, No. 179507

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 5, 1966, 81

TOPIC TAGS: atomization, diesel fuel, deposition weight

ABSTRACT: An Author Certificate has been issued for a method of determining the atomization property of water solutions and their deposition weight on an area unit, with the aid of a drop-collecting oily medium. To increase the determination accuracy, a two-phase medium is used, such as motor oil or diesel fuel in which the spherical drops being studied, are situated in a single plane at the boundary of these media and are not subject to evaporation and spreading. [NT]

SUB CODE: 20, 11/

SUBM DATE: 04Mar65/

Card 1/1 F

UDC: 632.982.532.69

2

S'PALASHVILI, SH. N.

S'palashvili, Sh. N. - "Materials on a study of the long-horned oak beetle (*Cerambyx cerdo scutellatus* Hbst.) and measures of combatting it under the prevailing conditions of the Aishchinet national reservation forest," Trudy In-ta Zashchity rasteniy (Akad. nauk Gruz. SSSR), Vol. V, 1951, p. 263-65, (In Georgian, resume in Russian).

SO: U-4004, 20 Oct 52, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 16, 1949).

USSR/General and Specialized Zoology - Insects.

F.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 8, 1958, 35324

Author : Supatashvili, Sh.M.

Inst : Institute for Plant Protection, Academy of Sciences  
Georgian SSR.

Title : The Results of the Study of Injurious Insects on the  
Chestnut Tree in Western Georgia.

Orig Pub : Tr. In-ta zashchity rast. AN GruzSSR, 1956, 11, 171-188.

Abstract : Forty four species of pestiferous insects were found on  
the chestnut tree, two species of the grasshopper, one-of  
the cricket; four species of aphids, five -cociide;  
four-of the weevil, tow -of the brown-tail moth, two-of  
the May beetles, twelve-of the long-horned beetle, four  
species-of the bark beetle, seven-of lepidoptera, one-of  
the saw flies, especially damaging were the chestnut

Card 1/2

Supatashvili Sh. M.

USSR / General and Specialized Zoology. Insects.

P

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 2, 1958, 6809.

Author : Supatashvili.

Inst : Institute of Pests Control, AS GSSR.

Title : A Contribution to the Study of Injurious Insects  
attacking the Forest Species of Mtatushetiya.

Orig Pub: Tr. In-ta zashchity rast. N Gruz SSR, 1956,  
11, 285-292.

Abstract: In the forestry of Mtatushetiya in Georgia, the  
following species of injurious pests were found:  
13 species for the pine, 3 for the birch tree,  
3 for the aspen, 1 for the wild apple tree. Of  
these, Blastophagus piniperda L. and Blastophagus  
minor Hart. are of economic importance for fores-  
try. -- A. P. Adrianov.

Card 1/1

25

SUPATASHVILI, Sh.M.

Studying the bark beetle Dendroctonus micans Kugel. in Georgia.  
Soob. AN Gruz. SSR 19 no.5:611-612 N '57. (MIRA 11:6)

1.Institut zashchity rasteniy Ministerstva sel'skogo khozyaystva  
GruzSSR, Tbilisi. Predstavлено академиком L.A. Xanchaveli.  
(Georgia--Bark beetles)

SUPATASHVILI, Sh.M.; KHARAZISHVILI, K.V.

Study of gallflies (Diptera, Cynipidae) in the oak forests  
of Georgia. Soob. AN Gruz. SSR 35 no.3:675-680 S '64.  
(MIRA 17:11)  
1. Gruzinskiy institut zashchity rasteniy, Tbilisi. Predstavleno  
chленом-корреспондентом AN GruzSSR.

GOVILASHVILI, Sh.M.; MKHASHAVRIYA, A.I.; MENGIVNE, B.V.

Materials on the application of chemical preparations against  
Dendroctonus micans Knigel. Soob. AN Gruz. SSR 36 no.1:169-173  
(MIRA 18:3)  
G. Vn.

I. Institut rastchity rasteniy, Tbilisi. Submitted April 16, 1964.

SUFATASHVILI, Sh.M.; KHACHASHVILI, A.L.; MURUSIDZE, B.V.

The spruce bark beetle Dendroctonus micans in Georgia and its  
control. Biul. Glav. bot. sada no.56:68-72 '64.

(MIRA 18:5)

1. Institut zashchity rasteniy Ministerstva sel'skogo khozyaystva  
Gruzinskoy SSR, Tbilisi.

RECORDED IN U.S. MURKIN, P.V., MURKASHAVRA, A.L.

Information on the ability of the United States Service of the  
Army and Air Force in Mongolia. Fort. AM Int. ISR 38 no. 3  
will be My 165. (MCRA 1839)

1. Information about the ability of the United States Service of the Army and Air Force in Mongolia. Fort. AM Int. ISR 38 no. 3 will be My 165.

SUPATAYEVA, N.B.

Block of the crus of the bundle of His in hypertension and  
atherosclerosis. Sov.zdrav.Kir. no.1;3-8 Ja-Fe '63.

(MIRA 16:3)

1. Iz Instituta terapii AMN SSSR (dir. - deystvitel'nyy chlen  
AMN SSSR prof. A.L. Myasnikov).  
(HYPERTENSION) (CORONARY VESSELS--DISEASES)

RUMANIA / Cosmochemistry. Geochemistry. Hydrochemistry. D.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimija, No 1, 1959, 797.

Author : Supefceanu, C.

Inst : Not given.

Title : The Mineralographic Study on the Mineralization of Copper in Deva-Transylvania.

Orig Pub: Rev. minelor., 1958, 9, No 3, 112-125.

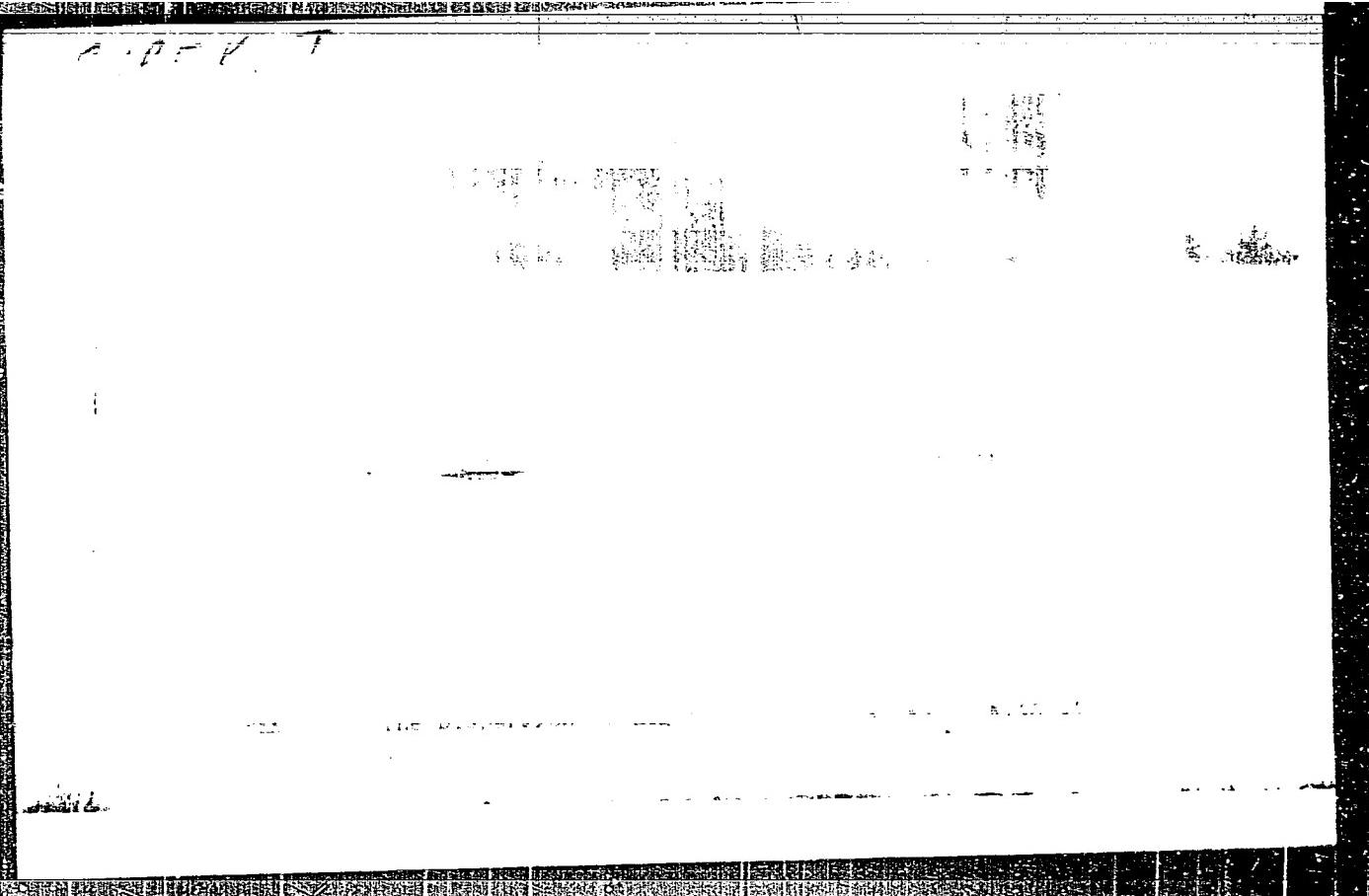
Abstract: The mineralization of the stockwork type is coordinated with the andesite mountain range (Transcarpathian neovolcanic region). Based on the data of mineralographic investigations, three phases of the mineralization have been outlined and the fundamentals of the para-genesis were established. The major minerals are - quartz, borite, chalcopyrite, molybdenite, hematite, calcite, kaolin; the minor ones - gold, enargite, chalcozine, digenite, halen-

Card 1/2

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SIPERK, Ivan

Moresponzencijska klasicne i kvantne elektrodinamike. Zagreb, Jugoslavenska akademija znanosti i umjetnosti, 1953. 43-48 p. (Correspondence of classic and quantic electrodynamics. bibl.)

so: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, no. 10, Oct. 1955,  
Incl.

SUPEK, I

TECHNOLOGY

SUPEK, I. Ruder Boskovic, founder of the new atomism; 200th anniversary of  
the book Teorije prirodne filozofije (Theory of Natural Philosophy).  
p. 3

Vol. 5, no. 6, 1958

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, no. 3  
March 1959 Unclass

SILK, J.; VILICH, I.; DUJ, J.

Underground water in southern Slovakia. p. 32.

Vol. 3, no. 1/2, 1955  
VZDCHOVICKE SY DiscPis  
Bratislava, Czechoslovakia

Source: East European Accession List. Library of Congress  
Vol. 5, No. 2, August 1956

**PHARMACOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL INVESTIGATION OF BARBERRY**  
**(*Berberis vulgaris*).** Z. SUPRKA AND D. TONÍČEK. *Lijekarski Vjesnik* **68**, No. 1-2, 1 (Reprint of *Lijekarski Vjesnik* **68**, 16-18) (1940).—The purpose of the research was to examine the chem. and pharmacol. properties of the domestic drug of *Berberis vulgaris* and to compare it with that of the foreign drug of *Hydrastis canadensis* (golden seal). Chemically it was found that the active principle of barberry—berberine was contained in the root bark (0.15%) and to a lesser degree in the wood of the root (0.1%). The amt. of berberine present was detd. gravimetrically by means of picloram acid. No traces of tannin could be revealed. For pharmacol. studies, a 5% decoction of *Cest. rad. berberidis* with a sp. gravity = 1.0071 contg. 0.18% berberine was used. Both drugs act on the isolated guinea pig uterus qualitatively in the same way. Quantitatively barberry is more effective due to its higher content of berberine. Since the drug hydrastis acts on the isolated uterus also after removal of hydrastine, S. and T. conclude that berberine is one of the most active principles of the drug hydrastis in its action on the isolated guinea pig uterus. E. J. Freih.

E. J. Field

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*CA*

RECEIVED AND PROCESSED 11/11/68  
SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED

The fluorescence of adrenaline and similar compounds.  
 Zlati Šupčić. *Ismeretne Tabljača Institut Farmakol.* i  
*Tehnol. Zagreb* 3, 13 pp. (1946) (also in French, 14 pp.).  
 The fluorescence of a soln. of adrenaline (I) varies linearly  
 with the concn. I exhibits max. fluorescence in 1.8 M  
 NaOH. In solns. of NaOH stronger than 2.5 M, the  
 values were unreliable. The fluorescence reached a max.  
 intensity most rapidly in 0.1 M NaOH. For the detn. of  
 I, concns. of NaOH less than 0.6 M are recommended.  
 The fluorescence of I is due to dissociation, followed by oxidation.  
 The dissoci. const. for the ionization of the second  
 H of I is established as  $K = 3.01 \times 10^{-4}$ , the H-ion concn.  
 of solnts. showing half max. fluorescence. The formula  
 $\phi = (\phi_0 \times \phi_1)/[1/(NaOH)] + \phi_0$ , where  $\phi$  = observed  
 fluorescence,  $\phi_0$  = max. fluorescence,  $\phi_1 = K/(K+1)$   
 and  $\phi_1 = 1/[NaOH]$  at  $\phi_0 + \phi_1$  gives values for  $\phi$  in good  
 agreement with exptl. data. The fluorescence of I reaches  
 a max. intensity in 20 sec. and disappears in 15 min.  
 Ascorbic acid diminishes the fluorescence of I, inhibiting  
 it completely in concn. of ascorbic acid of  $1.2 \times 10^{-4} M$ .  
 This effect is due to the reducing properties of ascorbic  
 acid. In concn. of less than  $1.2 \times 10^{-4} M$ , ascorbic acid  
 increases the fluorescence of I, owing to its ability to act  
 as a transmitter of H ions. *Mary O. Andler*

*biochimica et biophysica* *3*  
*biochemistry*

## ASA-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

SEARCHED	SERIALIZED	INDEXED	FILED	SEARCHED		SERIALIZED		INDEXED		FILED	
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
X	X	X	X	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
X	X	X	X	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
X	X	X	X	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
X	X	X	X	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
X	X	X	X	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
X	X	X	X	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
X	X	X	X	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
X	X	X	X	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
X	X	X	X	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
X	X	X	X	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
X	X	X	X	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88
X	X	X	X	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96
X	X	X	X	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104

CA

3

Fluorescence of adrenaline and analogs. I. Influence  
of pH on the fluorescence of adrenaline; dissociation con-  
stant of adrenaline. Zlatko Sapek (Inst. Farmakol. Tok-  
sikol. Zagreb, Yugoslavia). *Immunochimica Acta* Inst.  
Farmakol. i Toksikol. Zagreb 3, 38-61(1964) (French sum-  
mary) — Adrenaline is determined fluorometrically, use being  
made of the 366-m $\mu$  line of a Hg-vapor quartz lamp, and a  
Se photo cell. Max. fluorescence occurs in 1.8 M NaOH  
soln. The dissoci. const. is calcd. to be  $5.01 \times 10^{-14}$ .  
Fluorescence of adrenaline is related to an autoxidation and  
is inhibited by ascorbic acid. Wm. M. McCord

**Effect of berberine on the uterus in test animals.** 2.  
Supel (Inst. Pharmacol. and Toxicol., Zagreb). *Par-*  
*wischt*, T. *Toxicol.*, 9, No. 6, 12-14 (1946). Berberine  
from golden seal (*Hydrastis canadensis*) or barberry  
(*Berberis vulgaris*), in 0.1 or 1% solution as sulfate or phos-  
phate, has a pronounced stimulant effect on isolated  
guinea-pig or cat uterus. Reaction is similar to, and some-  
what stronger than, that of hyoscyamine. J. P. S.

11

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Superek Z.

*Influence of ferrous ions on 5-hydroxytryptamine action.*  
S. Milković, Z. Superek, and J. Tatarsky (Univ. Zagreb,  
Yugoslavia). *Naunyn-Schmiedebergs Arch. exptl. Pathol.  
Pharmacol.* 227, 221-3 (1955).—The increase or decrease of  
blood pressure caused by 5-hydroxytryptamine in anesthe-  
tized dogs and rabbits is markedly attenuated by prolonged  
infusion of ferrous salts. The Fe<sup>++</sup> abolishes the vasocon-  
striction by 5-hydroxytryptamine in the perfused rabbit  
ear. There is no such antagonism in the action on the iso-  
lated rat uterus or colon. A. E. Meyer

MD

D

Naunyn-Schmiedeberg's Archiv fuer experimentelle Pathologie und Pharmakologie.

5000, Z.

✓ 4531. Ferrous ions and the actions of 5-oxytryptamine. S. Milković,  
J. Šimček and J. Tatarsky. *Arch. exp. Path. Pharmacol.*, 1955, **227**,  
221-223 (Dept. of Pharmacol., Zagreb Univ., Yugoslavia).—In  
dogs and rabbits anaesthetised with urethane or chloralose, and in  
isolated perfused rabbit ears, but not in the isolated rat uterus or  
colon, FeSO<sub>4</sub> antagonises the vascular effects of 5-oxytryptamine.  
P. MESITZ.

3

*archiv für experimentelle Pathologie  
und Pharmakologie*

✓ 5248. Quantitative biological determination of 5-hydroxytryptamine. Z. Supek and S. Milković. *Experientia*, Basel, 1958, 12, 71-72 (Dept. of Pharmacol., Med. Faculty, Univ. of Zagreb, Yugoslavia). *pub* R.S. Tolka. *a2*

SUPEK, Z.

✓ Quantitative biological determination of 5-hydroxytryptamine. Z. Supek and S. Milković (Univ. Zagreb, Yugoslavia). *Experientia* 12, 71-2 (1956) (in English). — Rat uterus and rat colon preps. were compared for assay purposes. The latter was found to be the more advantageous. D. S. Farmer

3

SUPEK Z.

Action of 5-hydroxytryptamine and lysergic acid diethylamide on the  
hypophysealadrenocortical system. S. Milkovic and Z. Supek. Naunyn-  
Schmiedebergs Arch. exptl. Pathol. Pharmakol. 228, 115(1956). --Serotonin  
in high doses of 0.3 mg./100 g. rat causes eosinopenia. This effect is  
not prevented by lysergic acid diethylamide, which otherwise inhibits  
many of the effects of serotonin.

A. E. Meyer

2

4

PM

(clipped abstract)

YUGOSLAVIA/Pharmacology - Toxicology - Tranquilizers.

v

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Biol., No 4, 1959, 18525

Author : Supek, Zlatko; Uroic-Zahradnik, Bozena

Inst : -  
Title : The Influence of Reserpine on the Vascular System of  
Rabbits.

Orig Pub : Acta pharmac. jugosl., 1958, 8, No 2, 83-86

Abstract : No abstract.

Card 1/1

SUPEK, Zlatko (Zagreb); UROIC, Bozena (Zagreb)

Vascular reactivity after haemorrhage. Biol glas 13 no.4:387-388  
'60.

1. Zavod za farmakologiju Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu.  
(HAEMORRHAGE)

SUPEK, Z.  
SURNAME (in caps); Given Names

Country: Yugoslavia

Academic Degrees: not given

Affiliation: not given

Source: Zagreb, Farmaceutski Glasnik, No 4-5, April-May 1961, p. 131.

Data: Book Review: "A Short Review of Pharmacodynamics" by Guillaume  
Valette.

SUREK, Z.  
SURÉK (1.. caps); Given Name

Country: Yugoslavia

Academic Degrees: , not given.

Affiliation: not given.

Sources: Zagreb, Farmaceutski glasnik, No 7-8, July-August 1961, pp 282-283.

Data: Book Review: "Adrenergic Mechanisms," Symposium, J. R. Vane,  
G. E. W. Wolstenholme, and O'Connor eds. (British).

RANDIC, M.; SUPEK, Z.

Excretion of 5-hydroxyindoloctene acid in the urine of normal  
and adrenalectomized rats after irradiation. Bul sc Youg  
7 no.1/2:13 F-Ap '62.

1. Institut "R. Boskovic," Zagreb.

\*

SUPEK, Z.; RANDIC, M.; LOVASEN, Z.

Radioprotective action of some indolealkylamines. Bul sc  
Youg 7 no.1/2:19 F-Ap '62.

1. Institut "Ruder Boskovic," Zagreb.

KOZIELSKI, Henryk, inz.; SKRETNY, Slawomir, inz.; SUPEL, Jan, inz.; CEBULA,  
Pawel, inz.; GAJEWSKI, Kazimierz, techn.; PROCHASKA, Augustyn, techn.;  
GORNIK, Alojzy, techn.

Works rewarded and distinguished at the 5th National Contest of  
Rationalizers in the field of electric power economy. Increased  
capacity of piston compressors through raised suction pressure by  
means of blowers. Energetyka przem 10 no.2:64-66 '62.

L 11407-63 EPR/EPF(c)/EWP(q)/  
EWT(m)/BDS ASD/AFFTC Ps-4/Pr-4 WH/K s/032/63/029/005/021/022  
*67*

AUTHORS: Supelov, S. V., Dorzhieyev, M. N. and Plechev, V. N.

TITLE: Dilatometer for study of thermal expansion of graphite

PERIODICAL: Zavodskaya laboratoriya, v. 29, no. 5, 1963, 624-625

TEXT: A device has been designed which measures the length of a test piece 150 mm long and 18 mm in diameter at 100° intervals during heating from 100 to 1000°C. The accuracy is within  $\pm 0.001$  mm. While oxidation is possible at 600°, graphite was heated to 1000° without use of an inert atmosphere. An incomplete hermetic seal with graphite plugs is sufficient to permit measuring a given test piece three times. Tests indicated that this device can be used to determine the thermal coefficient of linear expansion and the coefficient of anisotropy in investigating the material of graphite electrodes at temperatures up to 1000°C. There are two figures.

ASSOCIATION: Chelyabinskij pedagogicheskiy institut and Chelyabinskij  
elektrometallurgicheskiy kombinat (Chelyabinsk Pedagogical  
Institute and Chelyabinsk Electrometallurgical Combine)  
Card 1/1

MOLODENKOV, M.N., dotsent; SUPER, N.A.; KATSMAN, M.D.

Clinical use of andaxin with promedol in emergency surgery.  
Khirurgiia no.11:111-114 '61. (MIR 14:12)

1. Iz kliniki obshchey khirurgii (zav. - prof. V.A. Ivanov)  
II Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni  
N.I. Pirogova i 4-y Gorodskoy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy (glavnnyy  
vrach F.G. Papko) Moskvy.  
(MEROBAMATE) (PROMEDOL) (SURGERY)

IVANOV, V. A., prof.; SUPER, N. A.

Surgery for acute cholecystitis. Khirurgiia 37 no. 7:3-9 J1 '61.  
(MIRA 15:4)

1. Iz kliniki obshchey khirurgii (zav. - prof. V. A. Ivanov)  
lechebnogo fakul'teta II Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo medi-  
tsinskogo instituta im. N. I. Pirogova i 4-y Gorodskoy klini-  
cheskoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach G. F. Papko)

(GALL BLADDER—SURGERY)

SUPER, N.A.; BERDNIKOV, V.A.

Differential diagnosis of a closed craniocerebral trauma.  
Khirurgiia 39 no.5:80-82 My '63. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Iz kliniki obshchey khirurgii lechebnogo fakul'teta  
(zav. - prof. V.A. Ivanov) II Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo  
meditsinskogo instituta imeni N.I. Pirogova i 4-y Gorodskoy  
klinicheskoy bol'nitsy (glavnnyy vrach - kand. med. nauk  
G.F. Papko) Moskvy.

SUPERANSKAYA, A. V. (Moscow)

"Personal Names in Machine Translation,"

Theses - Conference on Machine Translations, 15 - 21 May 1958, Moscow.

SUPERANSKAYA, A.V.

Against simplification in toponymy. Vop. geog. no.58:151-154 '62.  
(MIRA 15:9)  
(Cities and towns) (Names, Geographical)

SUPERANSKAYA, A.V.

Work report of the Toponymic Commission from March 1959 to  
December 1961. Vop. geog. no.58:171-176 '62. (MIRA 15:9)

1. Uchenyy sekretar' toponimicheskoy komissii pri Otdelenii  
istorii geograficheskikh znamiy i istoricheskoy geografii Moskovskgo  
filiala Geograficheskogo obshchestva SSSR.  
(Names, Geographical—Congresses)

1. M. J.

"Influence of Transfers Received on the Execution of the Plan of Global Production with Prices Remaining Unchanged.", p. 24, (ROZPORĘŻENIE MINISTERSTWA GOSPODARKI MIESZKANIA, Vol. 7, No. 1, Jan. 1955, Warszawa, Poland)

AO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEL), ID, Vol. 4, No. 5, May 1955, Incl.

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~~SUPERAT R.~~

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Super CEM II, C

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/26/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001653920009-6"

SUPERIOR, C.

Concerning New Cobalt-bearing Mineralizations in the Southern Panat  
Region. Revista Minelor (Mining Journal), #10:341: Oct 55

U.S.S.R.

Iron Ores with Scheelite Inclusions from the Eastern Banat Region.  
Revista Minelor (Mining Journal), #11:319: Nov 55

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001653920009-6"

SUPERCEANU, C.

RUMANIA/ Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their  
Application. Mineral salts. Oxides. Acids. Bases

I-5

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 4, 1957, 12345

Author : Maieru O., Superceanu C.

Title : Ilmenite and Zircon Alluviums -- A New Source of Raw  
Material for the Production of Titanium

Orig Pub : Aluviumili cu ilmenit si zircon, noi surse de materii  
prime pentru industria produselor de titan. Rev. chim.,  
1956, 7, No 3, 145-147 (Rumanian; Russian and German  
summaries)

Abstract : Description of chemical and mineralogical characteris-  
tics of alluvial sands discovered in the South Carpathian  
massif and consisting essentially of  $FeTiO_3$ ,  $ZrSiO_4$ ,  
 $Fe_3O_4$ ,  $TiO_2$ , garnets, apatites, etc. Total content of  
metal ores in the discovered sands reaches ~ 3%. Labora-  
tory experiments on concentration of the sands by means  
of  $K_2HgI_4$  (Sp.Gr. 3.2) have shown the possibility of

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/26/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001653920009-6"

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 4, 1957, 12345

removing most of the components having a specific gravi-  
ty of less than 3 (quartz, feldspar, etc.) and to produce  
in this manner various concentrates containing 17-27% Ti  
and 0.3-0.4% Zr. It is recommended to effect industrial  
concentration of the sands by means of hydrocyclones or  
high density media.

Card 2/2

- 19 -

SUFERCFANU, C.

New appearance of scheelite in contact layers from the geochemical district of  
banatites. I. p. 170.

REVISTA MINFLOR

Vol. 7, no. 4, Apr. 1956

Rumania

Source: EAST EUROPEAN LISTS Vol. 5, no. 10 Oct. 1956

SUPERCEANU, C.

New appearance of scheelite in contact layers from the geochemical district  
of banatites. II. p. 230.

REVISTA MINFLOR

Vol. 7, no. 5, May 1956

Rumania

Source: EAST EUROPEAN LISTS Vol. 5, no. 10 Oct. 1956

SUPERCEANU, C.

Rare minerals in granitic pegmatites from the Banat. p. 140.

(REVISTA MFFLOR. Vol. 8, No. 3, Mar. 1957, Bucuresti, Rumania)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (FEAL) Lc. Vol. 6, No. 10, October 1957. Uncl.

*Superceanu, C.*

RUMANIA/Cosmochemistry, Geochemistry, Hydrochemistry

D

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 3, 1958, No 7467

Author : C. Superceanu, O. Maieru

Inst : Not Given

Title : Raw Material Bases

Orig Pub : Rev. chim. 1957, 8, No 4, 221-227

Abstract : Mineralogical composition of alluvial deposite of the Pre-Carpathian zone of Fagarash Mountains was studied. Following minerals are described: ilmenite, zircon, rutile, titanite, magnetite, gold, chromite, apatite, disthene, sillimanite and garnets. Chemical composition of ilmenite (in %) is :  
 $TiO_2$  50-52.5;  $FeO$  40-43;  $MgO$  1-2;  $MnO$  0.8-1.2;  $Al_2O_3$  0.1-0.6;  
 $Fe_2O_3$  2-6.4;  $V_2O_5$  0.0002-0.01. Chemical composition of rutile is (in %):  $TiO_2$  95.02;  $FeO + Fe_2O_3$  3.20;  $Mn$  0.32;  $Sn$  0.002-0.01;  $Nb$  0.001-0.006. Chemical composition of spessartite (in %) is:  $Mn$  12.4;  $Ti$  1.12;  $V$  0.03;  $Al_2O_3$  18.6;  $Fe$  10.2;  $SiO_2$  37.8. Qualitative spectrum analyses were made. The obtained sane concentrates contain 40%  $TiO_2$  and 20%  $ZrO_2$  and can be used as ores.

Card : 1/1

SUPERFANU, C.

12  
The paragenesis of the scheelite and of the wolframite  
from the ore beds of Bain Sprue, C. Superfanu, Pre-  
mier District, S.W. Africa, by G. W. Brinkman and  
J. A. Steenkamp, Geologists, Geological Survey of South Africa

5

RUMANIA/Cosmochemistry. Geochemistry. Hydrochemistry.

D

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 22, 1958, 73603.

Author : C. Superceanu.

Inst :

Title : Contribution to the Question of Scheelite and Wolframite  
Paragenesis in the Occurrence of Complex Minerals at  
Baia Sprie.

Orig Pub: Rev. minelor, 1957, 8, No 9, 399-404.

Abstract: The presence of scheelite is noted and the para-  
genesis of wolframite in complex ores of Baia Sprie  
is discussed in detail.

Card : 1/1

SUPER CECNU

D

COUNTRY : Romania

CATEGORY :

ABSTRACT : ROMAI., no. 20 1959, no. 71109

AUT. N. : Popescu, S.; Neacsu, G.; Groza, A.

ETC. :

TITLE : Distinct Deposits of South Carpathians --  
a Raw Material Source for Dinas Brick.

CITE. PUB. : Rev. minelor, 1958, 9, No 9, 410-414

ABSTRACT : The clay-silicate massifs Semenik, Sebeș, and  
Păgarăș, constitute a source of raw materials for the  
manufacture of Dinas, sillimanite, and aluminum, and the  
recovery, as a by-product, of Ga, Ge, Ti, and In. The main  
rock-forming minerals are disthene (15-52%), sillimanite,  
almandine, muscovite, biotite, tourmaline, quartz, micro-  
cline, plagioclase. Mineralogical characteristics and  
paragenetic associations of disthene, in the different  
deposits, are described. Chemical analyses are given.  
Results of qualitative spectrographic analyses: Semenik  
-- Al, K, Na, Cr, Ti, Ca, Fe, Mn, Mg; Sebeș -- Al, K,  
Na, Cr, Ti, Ga, In, Fe, Zr, Mg; Păgarăș -- Al, K, Na, Cr,  
Ti, Fe, Mn, Mg. -- I. Lipovu.

TITLE : Boron and Beryllium-Containing Vesuvianites --  
Garnet Contact Skarns in the Ciclova District in  
the Southwestern Banat

CITE. PUB. : Rev Minelor, 9, No 12, 552-562, 531-532 [sic]

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/26/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001653920009-6"

ABSTRACT : The skarn formations are found in the contact  
zone of granodiorite intrusions with marbles. The  
mineralogic composition (in %) of the skarns is  
as follows: grossularite 50-90, calcite 10-50,  
vesuvianite 5-30, albite 1-10, wollastonite 1-5,  
epidote 0-5. Chemical and spectral analyses have  
been made of green, brown, and yellow-green vesuvianites  
in which the probability of substitution of  
 $\text{SiO}_4$  by  $\text{BeO}$ , has been established. The details of  
the mechanism of the contact metamorphism are dis-  
cussed.

CARD: 1/1

88

.G. Volkov

SUPERCEANU, C.; MAJERU, O.

New nickeliferous mineralizing in the Transylvanian Alps. Rev min  
13 no.11:515-518 N '62.

SUNTSOV, A.G., dotsent; DANILOVA, A.F.; SUPEREKO, M.V.

Congenital osteopetrosis. Pediatriia 38 no.12:63-68 '60.  
(MIRA 14:2)

1. Iz kafedry rentgenologii (zav. - dotsent A.G. Suntsov)  
i kafedry detskikh bolezney (zav. - prof. Ye.Ye. Granat)  
Chelyabinskogo meditsinskogo instituta (dir. - prof. G.D.  
Obraztsov).

(BONES—DISEASES)

S/135/61/000/00<sup>4</sup>/010/012  
A006/A101

AUTHORS: Andrianov, K. I., Supereko, O. D., Nikolayeva, L. I., Kudryavtsev,  
K. V. Yemel'yanenko, N. L., Engineers

TITLE: Ceramic Nozzles of the A-547r Semi-Automatic Machine for Welding  
in Carbon Dioxide

PERIODICAL: Svarochnoye proizvodstvo, 1961, No. 4, pp. 37 - 38

TEXT: Welding in carbon dioxide with consumable electrode is used at the Chelyabinsk Tractor Plant for joining tractor parts on the A-547r semi-automatic machine, where the gas flow is directed by a chromeplated brass nozzle (Fig. 1), placed on the rubber housing of the burner tip. The use of this nozzle presents however, a series of deficiencies, such as short-circuits of the welding current, sticking of metal splashings to the internal nozzle surface, and short service life of the nozzle. The laboratory of mineral ceramics at the Plant developed ceramic nozzles to replace the chrome-plated brass nozzles, prepared in a metallic mold by press-forming from a ceramic mass of 12 - 14% moisture. The components of the ceramic material were dried, crushed, screened, and mixed during 8 h. The material was then wetted with water to 28 - 30% for

Card 1/4

S/135/61/000/004/010/012  
A006/A101

Ceramic Nozzles of the A-547r Semi-Automatic Machine for Welding in Carbon Dioxide

seven days and then molded. The molded nozzles were dried at room temperature and roasted in an electric furnace. Ceramic nozzles of the following compositions were manufactured by the described technology:

Designation of materials	of the mass Composition in %				
	I	II	III	IV	V
Talcum chlorite	80	70	60	-	-
Refractory clay	20	30	40	15	20
Quartz	-	-	-	20	15
Fluorspar	-	-	-	30	25
Porcelain waste	-	-	-	10	35
Kaolin	-	-	-	25	5

Card2/<sup>4</sup>

S/135/61/000/004/010/012  
A006/A101

Ceramic Nozzles of the A-547r Semi-Automatic Machine for Welding in Carbon Dioxide

Talcum-chlorite containing nozzles were roasted according to graph 3. Tests performed with experimental ceramic nozzles proved satisfactory. The replacing of brass nozzles by the new ceramic ones presents the following advantages: the possibility of a contact between the nozzle and the part to be welded is excluded; the durability of nozzles is raised by a factor of 14 - 16; scarce chrome-plated brass is replaced by cheap ceramic material; labor consuming processes of manufacturing the nozzles are substituted by advanced press forming methods, eliminating subsequent mechanical treatment; the time of exchanging and cleaning the nozzles from metal splashings is considerably reduced. There are 1 table and 4 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Chelyabinsk traktorny zavod (Chelyabinsk Tractor Plant)

Card 3/4

App.23

S/135/63/000/001/006/016  
A006/A101

AUTHORS: Supereko, O. D., Akulov, V. I., Engineers

TITLE: Semi-automatic welding in carbon dioxide at the Chelyabinsk tractor plant

PERIODICAL: Svarochnoye proizvodstvo, no. 1, 1963, 16 - 19

TEXT: Information is given on the assimilation of welding in CO<sub>2</sub> for tractor parts at the Chelyabinsk tractor plant. For this purpose the equipment employed has been redesigned and improved. In the A-547p (A-547r) semi-automatic machine the copper nozzle has been replaced by a ceramic nozzle and a mechanical gas valve has been mounted into the machine. The following improvements have been brought about in the design of the A-537 semi-automatic welding machine: use of a PSh-5 (PSh-5) type feed mechanism; mounting of a special button on the feed mechanism, preparing the machine for operation and assuring its operation during idle run; redesigning of the gas valve; redesigning of the holder (Figure 1). The gas supply to the welding machines has been centralized. Copper welding wire is now being refined in a special device where the

Card 1/2

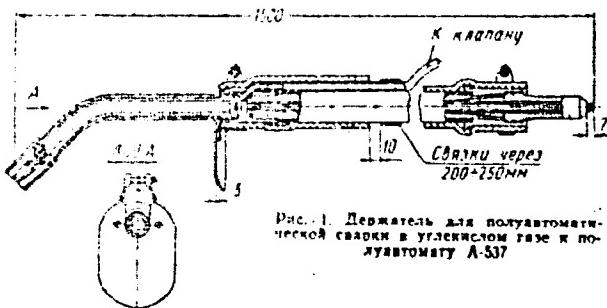
S/135/63/000/001/006/016

A006/A101

Semi-automatic welding in...

wire is drawn through a container with a set of abrasive disks. The tests proved the possibility of using the semi-automatic method for welding frames of tractor carriages in CO<sub>2</sub> with 2 mm wire. The weld leg was reduced by 25 - 30% (7 - 8 mm against 9 - 10 mm in manual welding). This method reduced the consumption of welding materials and electric power and increased considerably the labor efficiency. There are 5 figures and 3 tables.

Figure 1. A holder for semi-automatic welding in CO<sub>2</sub> in the A-537 machine



Card 2/2

11/25/86 BY: [REDACTED] TITLE: All-Union Conference on the hardfacing of dies for hot and cold press-forming

(16)

PERIODICAL: Svarochnoye proizvodstvo, no. 3, 1963, 44 - 45

TEXT: The First All-Union Scientific-Technical Conference on hardfacing of dies was held at Volgograd from November 27 - 29, 1962. The Conference heard the following reports: N. T. Prosvirov (VNIIPTMASH) on "Operational conditions and the type of forging dies"; L. A. Pozdnyakova (ENIKMASH) on "Problems of the durability of dies and press-forming steels"; V. A. Popov, ENIKMASH, on some structural peculiarities of carbide tools for cold extrusion and upsetting; I. I. Frumin, B. V. Danil'chenko (Institute of Electric Welding imeni Ye. O. Paton) on "Electric-slag hardfacing of some dies"; L. Kolesniats (IEZ imeni Ye. O. Paton) on "Reconditioning of dies by electric-slag hardfacing"; V. A. Timchenko (IEZ imeni Ye. O. Paton) on "A machine with program control for automatic hardfacing of forging dies"; Reports on manual arc-hardfacing of dies were delivered by N. V. Popov (Volgograd Tractor Plant), V. M. Panovko and Ye. G. Bloshkin (Moscow Experimental Welding Plant); O. D. Superko (Chelyabinsk Tractor Plant), N. I. Nikolko (Ural Heavy Machinebuilding Plant), P. M. Sapov ("Rostsel-mash"), N. I. Kuzovkova (GAZ), Yu. P. Zaytsev (ENIKMASH), V. I. Il'yin (ZIL), Gopovin (Khar'kov "Svet shakhtera" Plant), and others. In a decision the Conference mentioned deficiencies connected with the subject, i.e. lack of unified electrodes; of centralized production; of unified technological instructions on the hardfacing of dies; of methods for evaluating the quality of hardfaced metal, and lack of high-quality electrodes for hardfacing cast-iron dies. The Conference decided to take steps in order to eliminate the aforementioned deficiencies.

SUPERNAK, Marian, (aka) GRODZICKI, W., age 53.

Development trends of the motorization industry in the 1966-1970 economic plan. Techm motor 14 no.17293-237 O '64.

1. Chief Executive of the Association of Motorization Industry, Warsaw (for Supernek). 2. Committee for Science and Technology, Warsaw (for Grodziecki).

CHYLINSKI, J., mgr inz.; PAWLOWSKI, Z., AUGUSTYNOWICZ, A., mgr; STANISLAWSKI, J., mgr inz.; JAKUBOWSKI, B., mgr inz.; JEDRZEJEWSKI, Z., mgr inz.; SUPERNAK, M., inz.

A discussion. Techn motor 14 no.10:304-305 0 '64.

1. Deputy Chairman, Committee for Science and Technology, Warsaw (for Chylinski). 2. State Automobile Communication, Warsaw (for Pawlowski). 3. Scientific Society for Organization and Administration, Warsaw (for Augustynowicz). 4. Association of Polish Mechanical Engineers and Technicians, Warsaw (for Stanislawski). 5. Association of Transportation Engineers and Technicians, Warsaw (for Jakubowski). 6. Association of Motorization Industry, Warsaw (for Supernak).

SUPERSON, Jan, Mgr

History and pharmacologic anatomy of Herba Euphrasiae. Farm. polska  
10 no.12:311-313 Dec 54.

1. Zaklad Farmakognosji i Uprawy Roslin Leczniczych Akademii Medycznej  
w Lodz. Kierownik: prof. dr Jan Muszynski.

(PLANTS,  
Euphrasiae, pharmacol.)

SUPICA, B.

Modernization and economically more efficient management of  
railroads. Medun transp 9 no.5:361-364 My '63.

SUPICA, Branislav

Transport in the 1964-1970 Plan of Economic Development of  
Yugoslavia. Medun transp 9 no.8:510-512 Ag '63.

SUPICA, Branislav

Congress of the Union of Yugoslav Transport and Communication  
Workers. Medium transp 9 no.12:776-780 D '63

Railroad tariffs. Ibid. 1808-809

Subject A - YUGOSLAVIA

YUGOSLAVIA/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their  
Application. Fermenting Industry.

II-27

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 17, 1958, 58997  
Author : Supica Milan, Lazic Sima P  
Inst : -  
Title : Ausbruh and Other Modern Native Sweet and Semi-Sweet  
Wines.  
Orig Pub : Poljopr. Vjvod., 1957, 5, No 4, 17-22.  
Abstract : The characteristics that distinguish the quality of  
wine of the Ausbruh type and of other sweet and semi-  
sweet wines of Yugoslavia are cited.

Card 1/1

*Serbia, 1957*  
YUGOSLOVIA/Fermentation Industry.

H.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, № 19, 1958, 65785

Author : Supica Milan, Panicic Mihailo

Inst :

Title : An Analysis of the Yugoslavian Wines Presented at the Novosad Fair in 1957.

Orig Pub : Poljopr. Vojvod., 1958, 6, № 1, 37-44.

Abstract : Investigated were samples of wine which contained (in g/l): extract without sugar 18.5-41.1, general acids 3.7-8.7, volatile acids 0.3-0.98, tartrate 0.4-3.2, tannic acid 0.7-4.2, ash substances 1.47-2.87, free SO<sub>2</sub> 3.84-52.48 mg/l, general SO<sub>2</sub> 12.8-276.48 mg/l, alcohol 10.72-14.95%, pH 3.01-3.96.

Card 1/1

30

SUPIN, A.Ya.

Simplified design of a photostimulator for physiological research.  
Nauch.dokl.vys.shkoly; biol.nauki no.2:67-68 '60. (MIRA 13:4)

1. Rekomendovana kafedroy fiziologii vysshey nervnoy deyatel'nosti  
Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. M.V. Lomonosova.  
(PHYSIOLOGICAL APPARATUS)

SUPIN, A.Ya.

Bioelectrical reaction of the visual cortex in rabbits to a single afferent stimulation under conditions of a long-term experiment. Fiziol.zhur. 47 no.2:141-147 F '61. (MIRA 14:5)

1. From the Chair of Physiology of the Higher Nervous Activity,  
State University, Moscow.  
(CEREBRAL CORTEX)

GUSEL'NIKOV, V.I.; SUPIN, A.Ya.

Some mechanisms of the reaction of "rhythm establishment."  
Fiziol. zhur. 48 no.4:398-405 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:6)

1. From the Department of Physiology of Higher Nervous  
Activity, M.V. Lomonosov University, Moscow.  
(CEREBRAL CORTEX)  
(ELECTROENCEPHALOGRAPHY)

SUPIN, A.Ya.

Mechanisms of the response of reorganization of the rhythm of the electroencephalogram. Report No.1: Nature of the response to a high-frequency light stimulation. Nauch.dokl.vys.shkoly; biol.nauki no.2:94-100 '63. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Rekomendovana kafedroy fiziologii vysshey nervnoy deyatel'-nosti Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. M.V. Lomonosova.  
(ELECTROENCEPHALOGRAPHY) (LIGHT--PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)

SUPIN, A.Ya.

Mechanisms of the reaction of the reconstruction of electroencephalographic rhythm. Part 2: Reflection of the functional state of the cerebral cortex within the parameters of the response. Nauch. dokl. vys. shkoly; biol. nauki no.3:69-74 '63. (MIRA 16:9)

1. Rekomendovana kafedroy fiziologii vysshey nervnoy deyatel'nosti Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. M.V.Lomonosova.  
(Electroencephalography)

GUSEL'NIKOV, V.I.; SUPIN, A.Ya.

Representation of the visual and auditory analyzers in the  
forebrain hemispheres of a lizard. Fiziol. zhurn. 49 no.8:  
919-927 Ag '63. (MIR, 17:2)

1. From the Department of Physiology of Higher Nervous  
Activity, Lomonosov University, Moscow.

SUPIN, A.Ya.

Mechanisms of the response of rhythm change in the electro-  
encephalogram. Part 3: Analysis of the harmonics and subharmonics  
of the response. Nauch. dokl. vys. shkoly; biol. nauki no.1:  
62-72 '64. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Rekomendovana kafedroy fiziologii vysshey nervnoy deyatel'nosti  
Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. M.V.Lomonosova.

SUPIN, A.Ya.

Analysis of the interaction of evoked potentials and background  
bioelectrical activity of the cerebral cortex in rabbits. Zhur.vys.  
nerv.deiat. 14 no.6:1057-1068 N.D '64.

(MIRA 18:6)

1. Kafedra fiziologyi vysshay nervnoy deyatel'nosti i laboratoriya  
biomiki biologo-pochvennogo fakul'teta Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo  
universiteta im. M.V.Iomonosova.

GUSEL'NIKOV, Vladimir Ivanovich; SUPIN, A.Ya., red.

[Electrophysiological study of analyzer systems in the phylogeny of vertebrates] Elektrofiziologicheskoe issledovanie analizatornykh sistem v filogeneze pozvonochnykh. Moskva, Izd-vo Mosk. univ., 1965. 266 p.  
(MIRA 18:6)

GUSEL'NIKOV, V.I.; SUPIN, A.Ya.

Representation of somatic sensory and olfactory receptors in  
the forebrain hemispheres of the lizard (Agama caucasica).  
Fiziol. zhur. 50 no.2:129-137 F '64. (MIRA 18:2)

1. Kafedra fiziologii vyshey nervnoy deyatel'nosti Moskovskogo  
gosudarstvennogo universiteta imeni M.V. Lomonosova.

SUFIN, A.Ya.; GUSEL'NIKOV, V.I.

Demonstration of the visual, acoustic and somato-sensory analyzers  
in the hemispheres of the anterior brain of frogs (*Rana temporaria*).  
Fiziol.zhur. 50 no.4:426-434 Ap '64. (MIRA 18:4)

1. Kafedra fiziologii vysshey nervnoy deyatel'nosti Moskovskogo  
gosudarstvennogo universiteta imeni Lomonosova.

5(2)

SOV/80-32-3-2/43

AUTHOR: Supin, G.S.

TITLE: Dissolution of Monocrystalline Germanium in Hydrogen Peroxide  
(Rastvorenije monokristallicheskogo germaniya v perekisi vo-  
doroda)

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal prikladnoy khimii, 1959, Vol XXXII, Nr 3, pp 478-481  
(USSR)

ABSTRACT: Germanium crystals for semiconductors are damaged by cutting. The damaged surface is equalized by chemical etching, i.e., by dissolving in hydrogen peroxide solution. Experiments have shown that at a pH-value of 4 - 5 the dissolution rate is  $1.3 \text{ M/min}$ , at pH 7 - 8 it is 3.3 to  $3.6 \text{ M/min}$ . The concentration of the peroxide may vary in the range of 7 - 30% without noticeable effect. The formed germanium dioxide passes into solution. It is probable that the dissolution rate of germanium is limited by the transition of germanium dioxide into solution. The loss of weight in a germanium crystal may be used to determine its aver-

Card 1/2

SOV/80-32-3-2/43

Dissolution of Monocrystalline Germanium in Hydrogen Peroxide

age surface which has undergone etching, if it is of irregular geometric shape.

There is 1 graph, and 2 references, 1 of which is Soviet and 1 American.

SUBMITTED: September 2, 1957.

Card 2/2

80602

S/138/60/000/01/10/010

*5.5406*AUTHOR: Supin, G.S.

TITLE: Polarographic Determination of Sodium in Rubber

PERIODICAL: Kauchuk i Rezina, 1960, No. 1, pp. 54 - 57

TEXT: In the course of coagulation of latex of butadiene-styrene rubber by means of sodium chloride, certain quantities of the latter remain in the polymer and have an influence on the vulcanized product. The polarographic method developed for the determination of sodium permits conclusions to be drawn on the sodium content in the final polymer and on the elimination of water-soluble admixtures by washing, i.e. on the quality and the uniformity of the rubber. Polarographic analysis is suitable for the determination of low sodium concentrations (0.3-0.03%) in the rubber. A visual M8-2000 polarograph, produced in the workshop of the Institute of Chemistry of the Gor'kiy State University, and a M21-1 galvanometer with a sensitivity of  $6 \cdot 10^{-10}$  a/mm.m was used in the analysis. Tetramethylammonium iodide  $(CH_3)_4NI$  was used as polarographic background in neutral solutions not containing aluminum, alkali-earth and heavy metals. In the presence of these metals in alkaline background, viz. the base of tetramethylammonium  $(CH_3)_4NOH$ , is employed. ✓

Card 1/2

80602

Polarographic Determination of Sodium in Rubber

S/138/60/000/01/10/010

The polarographic background containing the salt and the base can be obtained by electrolysis of a tetramethylammonium iodide solution. An installation for this purpose is described (Figure 2). It is fed from a 7-9 v storage cell battery. The current intensity is 0.12-0.30 a, the resistance of the rheostat 30-50 ohm. It was shown that within the concentration range of  $10^{-4}$ - $10^{-2}$  n a linear dependence between the content of the alkali metal and the height of the polarographic wave is observed. The calibration graph is plotted by using polarographic solutions with additions of orthophosphoric acid and magnesium salt. The polarographic analysis described (leaching out of the ashes and plotting of the curves) lasts 1.5-2 hours. There are 2 tables, 2 diagrams, 4 graphs, and 5 references; 4 Soviet and 1 English.

ASSOCIATION: Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut shinnoy promyshlennosti (Scientific Research Institute of the Tire Industry)

Card 2/2

S/119/60/000/008/006/008  
B019/B056

AUTHOR: Supin, G. S., Engineer

TITLE: A New Fusing Agent for Soldering by Means of Soft Solders  
(Hydrazine Hydrochloride)

PERIODICAL: Priborostroyeniye, 1960, No. 8, p. 19

TEXT: Besides other properties of hydrazine hydrochloride ( $(\text{NH}_2 \cdot \text{NH}_2)_2\text{HCl}$ ), its good solubility in water and alcohol is stressed by way of introduction. In soldering it decomposes into hydrazine and HCl, and these two decomposition products as well as hydrazine hydrochloride itself have a strong reducing power, so that they keep the metal surface free from oxides. Solutions of hydrazine hydrochloride in water (5-7%) have excellent properties as fusing agents and may be used when soldering iron and nickel parts, galvanized, chromium-plated, tinned, and copper-plated parts. It can therefore substitute zinc chloride, which has certain corrosive properties. Two recipes are given for the preparation of this fusing agent from hydrazine hydrochloride and hydrazine sulfate ( $(\text{NH}_2 \cdot \text{NH}_2)_2\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ ). ✓

Card 1/1

SUPIN, G.S.

Solubility of tetramethylammonium iodide in the presence of a  
tetramethylammonium base. Zhur. prikl. khim. 33 no.8:1903-1904 Ag  
'60. (MIRA 13:9)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut shinnoy promyshlennosti.  
(Ammonium compounds)

SUPIN, G.S.

Electrolysis of a tetramethylammonium iodide solution. Zhur, fiz.  
khim. 34 no.4:925-927 Ap '60. (MIRA 14:5)

1. Institut shinnoy promyselennosti.  
(Ammonium compounds)

SUPIN, G.S.

Purification of certain quaternary ammonium compounds used in  
polarography. Zhur.anal.khim. 16 no.3:359-361 My-Je '61.  
(MIRA 14:6)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut shinnoy promyshlennosti  
Moskva.

(Ammonium compounds)  
(Polarography)

SUPIN, G.S.

Triethylbenzyl ammonium chloride as a polarographic background for  
the negative potential range. Zhur.anal.khim. 17 no.2:258-259  
Mr-Ap '62. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Scientific Research Institute of Tire Industry, Moscow.  
(Ammonium compounds) (Polarography)

1. M. V. Slobodkin

Mercury as the support for polarized phing in the extreme  
region of negative potentials. Zhur. anal. khim. 12 no. 2:  
278-279 F 163. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Scientific-Research Institute of Tire Industry, Moscow.

SUPIN, G.S.

Certain features of the polarography of alkali metal ions  
in aqueous and aqueous-ethyl alcohol media. Zhur. anal.  
khim. 18 no.3:318-322 Mr'63. (MIRA 17:5)

I. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut khimicheskikh  
reaktivov i osobochistykh veshchestv, Moskva.

AUTHOR: Supin, V.V., Engineer SOV/28-58-5-26/37

TITLE: Comments on the Drawing-up of Blueprints (Zamechaniya po oformleniyu chertezhey)

PERIODICAL: Standartizatsiya, 1958, Nr 5, p 71 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: In the author's opinion both the construction bureaus and the various sub-departments of a plant should adhere rigidly to the standards for drafting practice in drawing up technical plans and blueprints. Defects are indicated in both the present, effective standard form of extended specification (GOST 5293-50) and in the form envisaged by the drafting practice system project. This latter form  
Card 1/2

Comments on the Drawing-up of Blueprints

SOV/28-58-5-26/37

of extended industrial specification has been on trial  
in the Bryansk Machine Construction Plant and has shown  
good results. Some minor improvements are suggested.

ASSOCIATION: Bryanskiy mashinostroitel'nyy zavod (Bryansk Machine  
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